WATER QUALITY REPORT

2022

ILII ITII HOUSTON PUBLIC WORKS

HOUSTON WATER QUALITY REPORT | JAN - DEC 2022

The U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) requires that all drinking water suppliers provide a Drinking Water Quality Report to their customers on an annual basis.

This annual water quality report includes important information regarding drinking water. For assistance in English, please call 311.

Este reporte incluye información importante sobre el agua para tomar. Para asistencia en español, favor de llamar al 311.

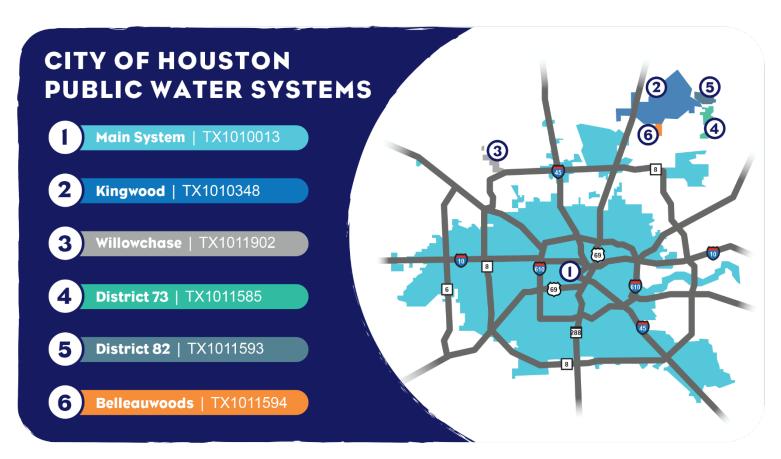
Bảng Báo Cáo Chất Lượng Nước hàng năm này cung cấp thông tin về nước uống. Để được trợ giúp bằng tiếng Việt, xin vui lòng gọi số 311.

Ce rapport annuel sur la Qualité de l'Eau fournit des informations sur l'eau potable. Pour de l'assistance en français, appelez le 311.

ب الصنالا ءاجر لا ،ةيبر علا ةغلاب ةدعاسملل برشلا هايم صخت تامولعم للع يوتحي هايملا قدوج ريرق ت311

這份「水質年度報告」提供飲用水方面的資訊。如需中文協助,請撥 311.

The City of Houston delivers drinking water of the highest quality through six community public water systems.



WATER SOURCES

Customers of the City of Houston's Main public water system receive their drinking water from three surface water purification plants and 39 ground water plants. The remaining five Houston Public water systems: Kingwood, Willow Chase, District 73, District 82, and Belleau Woods receive water from 16 additional groundwater plants. The City of Houston treats drinking water according to federal and state standards.

The sources of drinking water nationwide (both tap water and bottled water) include rivers, lakes, streams, ponds, reservoirs, springs, and wells. As water travels over the surface of the land or through the ground, it dissolves naturally occurring minerals as well as substances resulting from the presence of animals or from human activity.

Contaminants that may be present in source water include:

- microbial contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria, which may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife.
- inorganic contaminants, such as salts and metals, which can be naturally-occurring or result from urban storm water runoff, industrial or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming.
- pesticides and herbicides, which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban storm water runoff, and residential uses.
- organic chemicals, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations, urban storm water runoff, and septic systems.
- radioactive contaminants, which can be naturally-occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities.

In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, the EPA prescribes regulations that limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. The Food and Drug Administration establishes limits for contaminants in bottled water that must provide the same protection for public health.

Contaminants may be found in drinking water that may cause taste, color, or odor problems. These types of problems are not necessarily causes for health concerns. For concerns with taste, odor or color of drinking water, contact 311 or email waterquality@houstontx.gov.

Drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the EPA's Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800.426.4791).

UNREGULATED CONTAMINANTS

Unregulated contaminants do not have EPA-established drinking water standards. The purpose of monitoring these contaminants is to assist the EPA in determining if future regulation is warranted. The next round of unregulated contaminant sampling will be in 2023. For more information visit **epa.gov/dwucmr**.

SPECIAL NOTICE

Some people may be more vulnerable to certain microbial contaminants such as Cryptosporidium, in drinking water. Infants, some elderly or immunocompromised persons such as those undergoing chemotherapy for cancer; those who have undergone organ transplants; those who are undergoing treatment with steroids; and people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from a physician or health care provider. Additional guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by Cryptosporidium are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800.426.4791).

ARSENIC

Some of Houston's drinking water contains low levels of arsenic, which is below state and federal action levels. EPA's standard balances arsenic's possible health effects against the costs of removing it from drinking water. EPA continues to research the health effects of low levels of arsenic, which is a mineral known to cause cancer in humans at high concentrations and is linked to other health effects such as skin damage and circulatory problems.

LEAD

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and inhome plumbing. The City of Houston is responsible for providing high quality drinking water but cannot control the variety of materials used in in-home plumbing components. When water in your home plumbing has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for one to two minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800.426.4791) or at epa.gov/safewater/lead. Houston Water is conducting a survey to offer free water testing for qualified homes that may have lead and copper pipes. Determine if you qualify for free lead and copper tap water testing at surveymonkey.com/r/leadcopper.

WATER LOSS

The Infrastructure Leak Index (ILI) measures the efficiency of water loss control efforts. It is calculated by taking the real losses (water lost due to leaks) and dividing them by the unavoidable real losses, the theoretical level of minimum leakage calculated by American Water Works Association Standards. Houston Water's ILI is based on the combination of all six community public water systems. In 2022, Houston Water's ILI was 5.32.

PUBLIC PARTICIPATION

There are many opportunities for public participation. Information on Houston City Council meetings is available at https://doi.org/10.2016/journal.org/

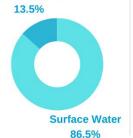
To find out more about Houston Water Education & Outreach visit https://www.publicworks.houstontx.gov/protect-our-pipes.

CONTACT US

Questions about this report or your water quality? Please email <u>waterquality@houstontx.gov</u> or call 311 (713.837.0311) and ask to speak with a member of the Water Quality team.

MAIN SYSTEM | TX1010013

Ground Water





SURFACE WATER SOURCE

San Jacinto River (Lake Conroe & Lake Houston)
Trinity River (Lake Livingston)



CROUND WATER SOURCE

104 Wells (Evangeline & Chicot Aquifers) at depths greater than 750 feet



AVERAGE DAILY WATER PRODUCED

464M gallons



CUSTOMERS

2.2M

Parameter/Substance (units)	Highest Level Allowed	Ideal Goal		Detections	
(sampled in 2022 unless noted)	(EPA's MCL)	(EPA's MCLG)	Minimum	Average	Maximum
	MONITORED AT WAT	TER PLANTS			
Arsenic¹ (ppb)	10	0	ND	2.6	7.6
Atrazine (ppb)	3	3	ND	0.2	1.7
Barium (ppm)	2	2	0.04	0.19	0.41
Combined Radium (pCi/L)	5	0	2.18	2.5	2.8
Combined Uranium 2020 ² (ppb)	30	0	ND	2	11
Cyanide (ppb)	200	200	ND	36	120
Di(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate (ppb)	6	0	ND	0.1	2.3
Fluoride (ppm)	4	4	0.1	0.3	0.8
Gross Alpha (pCi/L)	15	0	10.8	11.2	11.5
Gross Beta 2020 ² (pCi/L)	50	0	ND	1	7
Nitrate (ppm)	10	10	ND	0.1	0.4
Selenium (ppb)	50	50	ND	2	9.5
Simazine (ppb)	4	4	ND	0.02	0.11
Turbidity (NTU)	(TT) 95% of monthly samples ≤ 0.3 NTU	NA	Lowest Monthly Percentage ≤ 0.3 NTU: 99.4% Highest Single Measurement: 0.51 NTU		

Turbidity has no health effects; however, turbidity can interfere with disinfection and provide a medium for microbial growth. Turbidity may indicate the presence of disease-causing organisms. These organisms include bacteria, viruses, and parasites that can cause symptoms such as nausea, cramps, diarrhea, and associated headaches.

Xylenes, Total (ppb)	10,000	10,000	ND	0.3	0.6		
MONITORED IN DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM							
Chloramines (Disinfectant) (ppm)	4.0 (MRDL)	<4.0 (MRDLG)	0.04	3.1	4.8		
Haloacetic Acids (ppb)	Yearly Average (LRAA) <60	NA	Highest LRAA: 28 ppb Individual sample results range from not detected to 34 ppb.				
Total Trihalomethanes (ppb)	Yearly Average (LRAA) <80	NA	Highest LRAA: 43 ppb Individual sample results range from not detected to 52 ppb.				
	MONITORED AT CUSTOMER TAP						
Lead (ppb)	AL = 90% below 15 ppb	0	90% below 3.9 ppb No samples above 15 pp				
Copper (ppm)	AL = 90% below 1.3 ppm	1.3	90% below 0.1 ppm No samples above 1.3 pp				

MAIN SYSTEM | TX1010013

SECONDARY STANDARDS						
Darameter/Substance (units)	Pagammandad Layrala (SMCL)		Detections			
Parameter/Substance (units)	Recommended Levels (SMCL)	Minimum	Average	Maximum		
Aluminum (ppm)	0.2	ND	0.2	0.2		
Chloride (ppm)	250	31	48	172		
Copper (ppm)	1	ND	0.01	0.06		
Iron (ppm)	0.3	ND	0.1	1.2		
Manganese (ppm)	0.05	ND	0.01	0.27		
pH (su)	6.5 - 8.5	7	7.8	8.8		
Sulfate (ppm)	250	ND	25	59		
Total Dissolved Solids (ppm)	500	64	263	516		
Total Hardness as CaCO3 (ppm)	NA	ND	136	229		
Zinc (ppm)	5	ND	0.01	0.07		

	UNREGULATED CONTAMINANTS ³			
Parameter/Substance (units)	Dates Monitored	Minimum	Average	Maximum
O-Toluidine (ppb)	Jan – Dec 2019	ND	0.01	0.01
Germanium (ppb)	Jan – Dec 2019	ND	0.6	2
Manganese (ppb)	Jan – Dec 2019	ND	8	49
Bromide (ppb)	Jan – Dec 2019	ND	228	3130
HAA5 (ppb)	Jan – Dec 2019	0.35	30	76
HAA6Br (ppb)	Jan – Dec 2019	ND	7	13
HAA9 (ppb)	Jan – Dec 2019	0.35	36	81
Total Organic Carbon (ppb)	Jan – Dec 2019	ND	6790	18800
Anatoxin-A (ppb)	Jan – Dec 2019	ND	0.13	0.40

- 1 For more background information regarding Arsenic please refer to page 4.
- 2 Subject to reduced monitoring requirements. Detected contaminant within the past five years, in the year indicated.
- **3** For more information regarding Unregulated Contaminants please refer to page 3.

Kingwood | TXI010348



1000%



GROUND WATER SOURCE

16 Wells (Evangeline & Chicot Aquifers) at depths greater than 750 feet



AVERAGE DAILY WATER PRODUCED

8M gallons



CUSTOMERS

80.5K

100%							
Parameter/Substance (units)	Highest Level	Highest Level Ideal Goal		Detections			
(sampled in 2022 unless noted)			Minimum	Average	Maximum		
MONITORED AT WATER PLANTS							
Barium (ppm)	2	2	0.241				
Ethylbenzene (ppb)	700	700	ND	0.1	0.6		
Fluoride (ppm)	4	4		0.16 ¹			
Gross Beta (pCi/L)	50	0		5.5 ¹			
Nitrate (ppm)	10	10	ND	0.01	0.07		
Selenium (ppb)	50	50		3.9 ¹			
Xylenes, Total (ppb)	10,000	10,000	ND	0.6	2.4		
	MONITORED IN DI	STRIBUTION SYST	EM				
Chlorine (Disinfectant) (ppm)	4.0 (MRDL)	<4.0 (MRDLG)	0.7	1.4	3.2		
Haloacetic Acids (ppb)	Yearly Average (LRAA) <60	NA	Highest LRAA: 3 ppb. Individual sample results range from not detected to 7.6 ppb.				
Total Trihalomethanes (ppb)	Yearly Average (LRAA) <80	NA	Highest LRAA: 8 ppb. Individual sample results range from not detected to 15.7 ppb.				
		T CUSTOMER TAP					
Lead (ppb) 2020 ²	AL = 90% below 15 ppm	0		% below 3.8 amples abo			
Copper (ppm) 2020 ²	AL = 90% below 1.3 ppm	1.3		6 below 0.16 ample above			
		Y STANDARDS	140 00	ampie abeve	7.0 ррш		
Parameter/Substance (units)	Recommended	Levels (SMCL)	Minimum	Detection Average	s Maximum		
Chloride (ppm)	25	50		29 ¹			
Fluoride (ppm)	2			0.16 ¹			
Iron (ppm)	0.			0.18 ¹			
Manganese (ppm)	0.0			0.005 ¹			
pH (su)	6.5 -			7.7 ¹			
Sulfate (ppm)	25			10 ¹			
Total Dissolved Solids (ppm)	50			2421			
Copper (ppm)	1			0.0041			
Total Hardness as CaCO3 (ppm)	NA 125 ¹						

Kingwood | TX1010348

UNREGULATED CONTAMINANTS ³					
Parameter/Substance (units)	Dates Monitored	Minimum	Average	Maximum	
1-Butanol (ppb)	July 2018 - March 2019	ND	2	2	
Germanium (ppb)	July 2018 - March 2019	ND	0.32	0.34	
Manganese (ppb)	July 2018 - March 2019	3.7	26	49	
Bromide	July 2018 - March 2019	24.2	53	162	
HAA5	July 2018 - March 2019	ND	1	5	
HAA6Br	July 2018 - March 2019	ND	0.8	2.4	
HAA9	July 2018 - March 2019	ND	2	7	

- 1 Only one sample was required to be taken for this analyte in the year indicated.
- 2 Subject to reduced monitoring requirements. Detected contaminant within the past five years, in the year indicated.
- **3** For more information regarding Unregulated Contaminants please refer to page 3.



Photo of the East Water Purification Plant Treatment Process

Willow Chase | TX1011902





CROUND WATER SOURCE

5 Wells (Evangeline & Chicot Aquifers) at depths greater than 750 feet



AVERAGE DAILY WATER PRODUCED

2.5M gallons



CUSTOMERS

13.2K

100%			~W	13.21		
Parameter/Substance (units)	Highest Level	Ideal Goal		Detections		
(sampled in 2022 unless noted)	Allowed	(EPA's MCLG)	Minimum	Average	Maximum	
	(EPA's MCL)	WATER PLANTS				
Arsenic¹ (ppb)	10	0	3.5	3.7	3.9	
Barium (ppm)	2	2	0.23	0.26	0.29	
Combined Uranium (ppb) 2021 ²	30	0	ND	1.8	3.6	
Fluoride (ppm) 2021 ²	4	4		0.133		
Gross Alpha (pCi/L) 2021 ²	15	0	ND	2	4	
Nitrate (ppm)	10	10	0.19	0.23	0.31	
Selenium (ppb)	50	50	5	8	11	
N	IONITORED IN DIS		EM			
Chlorine (Disinfectant) (ppm)	4.0 (MRDL)	<4.0 (MRDLG)	0.5	1.4	2.1	
Haloacetic Acids (ppb)	Yearly Average (LRAA) <60	NA		Highest LRAA: ND (not detected) Individual sample results were ND		
Total Trihalomethanes (ppb)	Yearly Average (LRAA) <80	NA	Individual	Highest LRAA: 1 ppb Individual sample results range from not detected to 4.1 ppb		
	MONITORED AT	CUSTOMER TAP				
_	AL = 90%			90% below 0 p	nh	
Lead (ppb) 2020 ³	below 15 ppm	0		samples above		
	AL = 90%					
Copper (ppm) 2020 ³	below	1.3		ן 0% below 0.3 ample above 1		
	1.3 ppm		110 30	ample above i	.5 ррпі	
SECONDARY STANDARDS						
Parameter/Substance (units)	Recommende			Detections		
Parameter/Substance (units)	(SMCL		nimum [Average	Maximum	
Parameter/Substance (units) Chloride (ppm) 2021 ²					Maximum	
<u> </u>	(SMCL			Average	Maximum 0.002	
Chloride (ppm) 2021 ²	(SMCL 250	.) Mi	nimum	Average 53 ³		
Chloride (ppm) 2021 ² Copper (ppm)	(SMCL 250 1	.) Mi	nimum	Average 53 ³ 0.001		
Chloride (ppm) 2021 ² Copper (ppm) pH (su) 2021 ²	(SMCL 250 1 6.5 - 8.	.) Mi	nimum	Average 53 ³ 0.001 7.8 ³		

UNREGULATED CONTAMINANTS⁴					
Parameter/Substance (units)	Dates Monitored	Minimum	Average	Maximum	
Manganese	April - October 2018	ND	8.0	0.8	
Bromide	April - October 2018	113	160	191	
HAA5	April - October 2018	ND	0.1	0.6	
HAA6Br	April - October 2018	ND	0.3	1.1	
HAA9	April - October 2018	ND	0.4	1.1	

- 1 For more background information regarding Arsenic please refer to page 4.
- 2 Subject to reduced monitoring requirements. Detected contaminant within the past five years, in the year indicated.
- 3 Only one sample was required to be taken for this analyte in the year indicated.
- 4 For more information regarding Unregulated Contaminants please refer to page 3.



Photo of a City of Houston Elevated Storage Tower

District 73 | TX1011585





CROUND WATER SOURCE

2 Wells (Evangeline & Chicot Aquifers) at depths greater than 750 feet



AVERAGE DAILY WATER PRODUCED

436K gallons



CUSTOMERS

6.2K

100%						
Parameter/Substance (units)	Highest Level	Ideal Goal		Detection	S	
(sampled in 2022 unless noted)	Allowed (EPA's MCL)	(EPA's MCLG)	Minimum	Average	Maximum	
	MONITORED AT	WATER PLANTS				
Arsenic (ppb) ¹	10	0		32		
Barium (ppm)	2	2		0.32		
Combined Uranium (ppb) 20203	30	0		42		
Fluoride (ppm) 2020 ³	4	4	0.2	0.2	0.2	
Gross Alpha (pCi/L) 2020 ³	15	0		3 ²		
Nitrate (ppm)	10	10	ND	0.03	0.06	
Selenium (ppb)	50	50		142		
Xylenes, Total (ppb)	10,000	10,000	ND	0.3	0.6	
	DNITORED IN DIST			1.0		
Chlorine (Disinfectant)	4.0 (MRDL)	<4.0 (MRDLG)	0.9	1.6	2.2	
Haloacetic Acids (ppb)	Yearly Average (LRAA)	NA			b. Individual	
Tialoacetic Acids (ppb)	<60		sample results range from not detected to 1.4 ppb.			
	Yearly				b. Individual	
Total Trihalomethanes (ppb)	Average (LRAA)	NA		results rang		
,	<80		de	etected to 7.4	l ppb.	
	MONITORED AT	CUSTOMER TAP				
Lead (ppb) 2021 ³	AL = 90% below	0		0% below 0		
Lead (ppb) 2021	15 ppb	0		ample above		
Copper (ppm) 2021 ³	AL = 90% below	1.3		6 below 0.07		
, ,	1.3 ppm SECONDARY	CTANDADDC	One s	ample above	e 1.3 ppm	
				Detection	9	
Parameter/Substance (units)	Recommended	Levels (SMCL)	Minimum	Average	Maximum	
Chloride (ppm) 2020 ³	25	0	18	19	20	
Fluoride (ppm) 2020 ³	2		0.2	0.2	0.2	
Iron (ppm)				0.0122	9	
pH (su) 2020 ³	6.5 -	8.5	7.7	7.8	7.9	
Sulfate (ppm) 2020³	25	0	4	4.5	5	
Total Dissolved Solids (ppm) 2020 ³	50	0	179	181	183	
Total Hardness as CaCO3 (ppm)	NA 102					
Iron (ppm) pH (su) 2020 ³ Sulfate (ppm) 2020 ³	0.3 6.5 - 8.5 250		4	7.8 4.5	5	
\'\'\'\'\			179		183	

- 1 For more background information regarding Arsenic please refer to page 4.
- 2 Subject to reduced monitoring requirements. Detected contaminant within the past five years, in the year indicated.
- 3 Only one sample was required to be taken for this analyte in the year indicated.

District 82 | TX1011593





GROUND WATER SOURCE

2 Wells (Evangeline & Chicot Aquifers) at depths greater than 750 feet



AVERAGE DAILY WATER PRODUCED

109K gallons



CUSTOMERS

945

Parameter/Substance (units)	Highest Level	Ideal Goal	Detections				
(sampled in 2022 unless noted)	Allowed		Minimum	Average	Maximum		
MONITORED AT WATER PLANTS							
Barium (ppm) 2021 ¹	2	2		0.22			
Combined Radium (pCi/L) 2021 ¹	5	0		1.5 ²			
Nitrate (ppm)	10	10		0.18			
	MONITORED IN D	DISTRIBUTION SY	STEM				
Chlorine (Disinfectant)	4.0 (MRDL)	<4.0 (MRDLG)	1.1	1.6	2.3		
Haloacetic Acids (ppb)	Yearly Average (LRAA) <60	NA	Highest LRAA: 1.9 ppb. Individus sample results range from not detected to 1.9 ppb.				
Total Trihalomethanes (ppb)	Yearly Average (LRAA) <80	NA	Highest LRAA: 14.8 ppb. Individual sample results range from not detecte to 14.8 ppb.				
	MONITORED	AT CUSTOMER TA	AP .				
Lead (ppb)	AL = 90% below 15 ppb	0		0% below 3 p <mark>r</mark> ample above 1			
Copper (ppm)	AL = 90%	1.3		% below 0.05 p			
	below 1.3 ppm		No sa	mple above 1	.3 ppm		
	SECONDA	RY STANDARDS		Detections			
Parameter/Substance (units)	Recommended	Levels (SMCL)	Minimum	Average	Maximum		
Chloride (ppm) 2021 ¹	2	50	IVIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIII	16 ²	IVIAXIIIIUIII		
Copper (ppm) 2021 ¹		1	0.0032				
Iron (ppm) 2021 ¹	0	0.3	0.04^{2}				
Manganese (ppm) 2021 ¹	0.	05	0.0012				
pH (su) 2021 ¹	6.5	- 8.5		7.72			
Sulfate (ppm) 2021 ¹	250			2 ²			
Total Dissolved Solids (ppm) 2021 ¹	5	00		178²			
Total Hardness as CaCO3 (ppm) 2021 ¹	N	IA	102 ²				
Zinc (ppm) 2021 ¹		5		0.042			

- 1 Subject to reduced monitoring requirements. Detected contaminant within the past five years, in the year indicated.
- 2 Only one sample was required to be taken for this analyte in the year indicated.

Belleau Woods | TX1011594



MIXED SURFACE WATER & GROUND WATER SOURCES









AVERAGE DAILY WATER PRODUCED

150K gallons



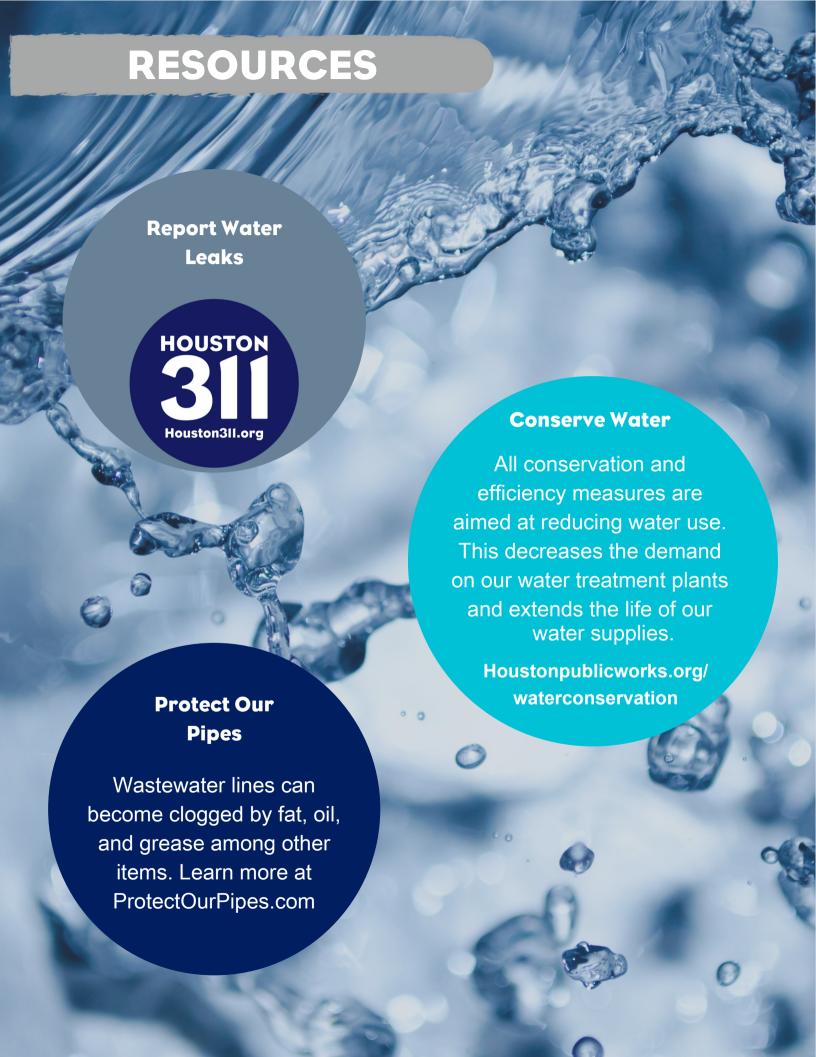
CUSTOMERS

Purchased from City of Humble 100%	☆☆☆ 399					
00.4900.00	Highest Level	Ideal Goal		Detections		
Parameter/Substance (units) (sampled in 2022 unless noted)	Allowed	(EPA's MCLG)	Minimum	Average	Maximum	
(sampled in 2022 diffess noted)	(EPA's MCL)		Millimum	Average	IVIAXIIIIUIII	
	MONITORED AT W					
Arsenic ¹ (ppb)	10	0		42		
Atrazine (ppb)	3	3	ND	0.12	0.46	
Barium (ppm)	2	2		0.432		
Combined Radium (pCi/L) 2020 ³	5	0	ND	1.6	3.8	
Cyanide (ppb) 2020 ³	200	200	ND	10	50	
Fluoride (ppm) 2020 ³	4	4	0.13	0.18	0.23	
Gross Alpha (pCi/L) 20203	15	0	3	4	5	
Gross Beta (pCi/L) 2020 ³	50	0	ND	2	5	
Nitrate (ppm)	10	10	ND	0.1	0.2	
Selenium (ppb)	50	50	ND	1	4	
	NITORED IN DISTR	IBUTION SYSTE	M			
Chloramines (Disinfectant)	4.0 (MRDL)	<4.0 (MRDLG)	0.9	1.9	3.2	
,	\/\\.\.\.\.\.\.\.\.\.\.\.\.\.\.\.\.\.	,	Highest LRAA: 13 ppb.			
Haloacetic Acids (ppb)	Yearly Average	NA	Individual sample result was 8			
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	(LRAA) <60		ppb.			
	Vacable Assertance		Highest LRAA: 13 ppb.			
Total Trihalomethanes (ppb)	Yearly Average	NA	Individual sample result was 12			
W . ,	(LRAA) <80		ppb.			
	MONITORED AT CL	JSTOMER TAP				
Lead (ppb)	AL = 90%	0	90%	below 10 ppb.		
	below 15 ppb	U	One sa	mple above	15 ppb	
Copper (ppm)	AL = 90%	1.3	90% below 0.37 ppm.			
	below 1.3 ppm		No sam	ple above 1	.3 ppm	
	SECONDARY S	TANDARDS				
Parameter/Substance (units)	Recommended L	ovols (SMCL)		Detections		
Farameter/Substance (units)	Necommended L	eveis (SiviCL)	Minimum	Average	Maximum	
Chloride (ppm) 2020 ³	250		31	39.4	49	
Copper (ppm)	1			0.003^{2}		
Iron (ppm)	0.3			0.05^{2}		
Manganese (ppm)	0.05)		0.01 ²		
pH (su) 2020 ³ 2020 ³	6.5 – 8	8.5	7.3	7.72	7.9	
Sulfate (ppm) 2020 ³	250		8	11	16	
Total Dissolved Solids (ppm) 2020 ³	500		189	256	288	
Total Hardness as CaCO3 (ppm)	NA			125 ²	<u>I</u>	
Zinc (ppm)	5			0.012		
-···- (PP···/	J			<u> </u>		

- 1 For more background information regarding Arsenic please refer to page 4.
- 2 Only one sample was required to be taken for this analyte in the year indicated.
- 3 Subject to reduced monitoring requirements. Detected contaminant within the past five years, in the year indicated.

CONTAMIN	IANT SOURCES			
Arsenic		erosion of natural deposits; runoff from orchards; runoff from glass and electronics production wastes		
Atrazine		runoff from herbicide used on row crops		
Barium		discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits		
Chlorine & C		water additives used to control microbes		
Combined Ra		erosion of natural deposits		
Combined U	ranium	erosion of natural deposits		
Copper		corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits		
Cyanide		discharge from steel/metal factories; discharge from plastic and fertilizer factories		
Di(2-ethylhex		discharge from rubber and chemical factories		
Ethylbenzene	9	discharge from petroleum refineries		
Fluoride		erosion of natural deposits; water additive which promotes strong teeth; discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories		
Gross Alpha		erosion of natural deposits		
Gross Beta		decay of natural and man-made deposits		
Lead		corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits		
Nitrate / Nitrit	te	runoff from fertilizer use; leaching from septic tanks, sewage; erosion of natural deposits		
Selenium		discharge from petroleum and metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits; discharge from mines		
Simazine		herbicide runoff		
	etic Acids (HAAs)	by-product of drinking water disinfection		
	methanes (TTHMs)	by-product of drinking water disinfection		
Turbidity		soil runoff		
Xylenes		discharge from petroleum factories; discharge from chemical factories		
DEFINITION	NS AND ABBRE			
AL	The concentration system must follow	of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water v.		
HAA5	Dibromoacetic aci	d, dichloroacetic acid, monobromoacetic acid, monochloroacetic acid, trichloroacetic acid		
HAA6Br	Bromochloroacetic	c acid, bromodichloroacetic acid, dibromoacetic acid, dibromochloroacetic acid, monobromoacetic		
HAAGBI	acid, tribromoacet	ic acid		
НАА9		acid, bromodichloroacetic acid, chlorodibromoacetic acid, dibromoacetic acid, dichloroacetic acid, monochloroacetic acid, tribromoacetic acid, trichloroacetic acid		
Level 1		nent is a study of the water system to identify potential problems and determine (if possible) why		
Assessment				
Level 2 Assessment	possible) why an E	nent is a very detailed study of the water system to identify potential problems and determine (if Escherichia coli (E. coli) maximum contaminant level (MCL) violation has occurred and/or why tota		
ASSESSITION		vere found on multiple occasions.		
LRAA	Locational Runnin quarters	g Annual Average - average of results taken at specific monitoring location during previous four		
MCL	Maximum Contam available treatmen	inant Level - highest level of a contaminant allowed. MCLs are set as close to MCLGs using best it technology		
MCLG		inant Level Goal - level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or ealth. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety		
MRDL	Maximum Residua	al Disinfectant Level - highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing ition of a disinfectant is necessary for control of microbial contaminants		
MRDLG	Maximum Residua	al Disinfectant Level Goal - level of drinking water disinfectant below known or expected health not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants		
NA	Not Applicable			
ND	Not Detected			
NTU		rbidity Units (a measure of turbidity)		
pCi/L	Pico Curies per liter (measure of radioactivity)			
ppb		r micrograms per liter (µg/L)		
ppm		r milligrams per liter (mg/L)		
SMCL	guidelines regulati	um Contaminant Limit - National Secondary Drinking Water Standards are non-enforceable ng contaminants that may cause cosmetic or aesthetic effects in drinking water. The EPA andary standards but does not require systems to comply with limits		
su	Standard unit (me	asure of pH)		
TT	Treatment Technic	que - required process intended to reduce the level of a contaminant in drinking water		
Turbidity		ty of drinking water		
raibidity	, throadure or ciall	Follow up on popial @HouPublicWorks		

Follow us on social @HouPublicWorks
This water quality report is available at bit.ly/waterquality2022
Prior water quality reports are available at bit.ly/houwaterquality







CONTACT US

To report your concerns, call the City of Houston's 3-1-1 Houston Service Center at 3-1-1 or 713.837.0311. You can also report your request online at www.houston311.org or download the Houston 3-1-1 app to your smartphone or tablet.

Reporting your concerns via 3-1-1 is the fastest way to address your issue and track the resolution. The City of Houston tracks those calls which provide vital information needed to properly address an issue.